

/ Fuji Chemical Industries USA, Inc.

Fuji Spray Drying Newsletter

Vol 3: Improving Solubility through Solid Dispersion Innovation for small-molecule compounds

Solid Dispersion



Amorphous forms of drugs are known to have more solubility than their crystal counterpart. However, amorphous drugs readily change into crystal form by heat, light, and mechanical shock, because energy level of amorphous state is higher than that of crystal. Amorphous solid dispersions which are dispersed in an inactive carrier (generally polymer is used) is able to maintain stable amorphous state. It is demonstrated that solubility of amorphous solid dispersions is improved remarkably, and supersaturated state of amorphous solid dispersions is maintained for a long time in many drugs. It is expected that BA (bioavailability) of drugs is improved, and drug dosage can be decreased due to these benefits.

Improved Solubility

As you can see from the dissolution test results, solubility of an amorphous solid dispersion of poorly water-soluble drug A is improved remarkably compared to that of crystal. Also, polymer selection is important based on these results, because three amorphous solid dispersions exhibit different solubility, depending on the selected polymer.



Dissolution Profile of Product A Solid Dispersion

